

ILES SAINT PIERRE ET MIQUELON

*Saint-Pierre, le*

# FP5AC



**IOA NA032**

**ITU 9**

**DIFO FP001**

**ZONE 5**

TO RADIO

ON4JZ

DATA

D	M	Y
21	05	03



FP5AC

Jean-Christophe LEBON  
P.O.Box 1343, F97500  
St-Pierre et Miquelon Island

REF n° 32796

President of FP5KE radio club  
Chevalier de l'Ordre National du Mérite

UTC

0041

MHz

14

RST

59+

2 WAY

USB

QSL

 PSE  
 TNX

Saint-Pierre et Miquelon, territorial collectivity of France, in the North Atlantic Ocean, south of the coast of Newfoundland Island, Canada. It consists of two small groups of islands, with a total area of 242 sq km (93 sq mi). The main islands are St-Pierre, Miquelon, and Langlade, the latter two connected by a low, sandy isthmus. A relatively mild maritime climate prevails. The islands are mostly barren and rocky but are important for cod fishing. The leading exports were ship's supplies, fish, and cattle. Tourism is also important. The capital is Saint-Pierre, on the southernmost island of the same name, where about 90% of the collectivity's population resides.

The population, largely descended from French settlers, enjoy full French citizenship. The dependency is governed by a prefect representing the president of France and by a popularly elected general council of 19 members, who serve five-year terms. The islands are represented in the French National Assembly by one senator and one deputy. As the last remaining French holdings in North America, the islands are heavily subsidised financially by the French government.

The Portuguese explorer José Alvarez Fagundes is believed to have sighted the islands in 1520. The first permanent settlement was made by French fishers in 1604. In 1713, following a British victory in Queen Anne's War, France ceded Saint-Pierre et Miquelon to Great Britain. The Treaty of Paris of 1769 returned them to France. Thirty years later, during the French revolutionary wars, they were permanently restored to France by the Treaty of Paris in 1814. During World War II (1939-1945), the Free French troops of General de Gaulle occupied the islands. The islands became the overseas departement of St-Pierre et Miquelon in 1976 and attained the status of a territorial collectivity in 1985. Population (1998): 6,932.



Equipment: TRXs: TS-440S, FT1000MP, Mic: MD100, Ant: D4, W3HH, G5RV, Tuner: AT230, Amp: TT Centurion  
Active operators in Fox Papa : ~~FP5BU; Jean~~, FP5BZ ; Jean-Marc, FP5CJ ; Jean-Pierre, and FP5EJ ; Laurent